

Computer Vision CS376

Pset3

Kevin Harkness

Using This Code

To use the code we need to first choose corresponding points between the first and second images. Calling the function `get_coords(img1, img2)` will return these points. The user may specify any number of correspondence points so long as there at least

four. We then compute the homography, `compute_homography(coords)`, and then apply it to the images, `warp(H, img1, img2)`.

Example:

```
img1 = imread('uttower1.JPG');  
img2 = imread('uttower2.JPG');  
coords = get_coords(img1, img2);  
H = compute_homography(coords);  
warp1 = warp(H, img1, img2);  
imshow(warp1);
```

We can also double check our homography matrix before applying it by using the `verify_points(H, coords, img2)` function. This function will display the points (`coords`) chosen to create the homography matrix. As a final check, the function `pick_n_apply(H, img1, img2)` will allow the use to pick additional points and have them translated over using `H`.

Results



UT Tower Composition



Composition of Three images of Petra (Personal Photos)



Same Composition But Different Ordering When Applying Warp()



Women Enjoying An Art Gallery (courtesy: <http://www.manhattancvb.org/index.aspx?NID=66>)



A New Masterpiece Has Been Added

Extra Credit



Artwork On The Floor
(courtesy:

<http://www.lifeinthearts.com/Suminagashi-LITA-Nov1999.html>)



The Artwork Rectified